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Module 4 Fractions, Decimals, Percents, and Factors
Lesson 3 Factors and Prime Factorization

Lesson Objectives

- Find the factors of a number.
- Determine if a number is prime or composite.
- Find the prime factorization of a composite number.
- Use factors of a number to find common factors of two integers, including finding the Greatest Common Factor (GCF) of two or more integers.
- Use prime factorization to determine the Greatest Common Factor (GCF).

Subtopic 1 Finding the Factors of a Number

- **Factors** divide into a number with no remainder.
- Factors **multiply** to get a product.
- A number greater than one with only the factors one and itself is a **prime number**.
- A number that has more than two factors is a **composite number**.
- **One** and **zero** are neither prime nor composite.

1 Is 6 a factor of 21? Explain the answer.
No. Possible answer: $21 \div 6 = 3$ R 3. There is a remainder, so six is not a factor of 21.

2 List the factors of 100.
1, 2, 4, 5, 10, 20, 25, 50, 100

Two is the only even number that is prime.

3 Determine whether each number is prime or composite.

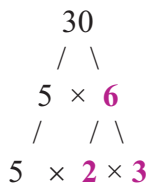
9 **composite**

56 **composite**

29 **prime**

Subtopic 2**Finding the Prime Factorization of a Number**

- To **factor** a number is to write it as the product of two or more factors.
- The **prime factorization** of a number shows the number written as the product of prime factors.
- Prime Factorization Using a Factor Tree



$$30 = 2 \times 3 \times 5$$

- Prime Factorization Using a Factor Ladder

	24
2	12
3	4
2	2

$$24 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3$$

- This prime factorization, $75 = 3 \times 5 \times 5$, is written in **expanded** form.
- This prime factorization, $75 = 3 \times 5^2$, is written in **exponential** form.

4

Find the prime factorization of 48.

$$48 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \text{ or } 48 = 2^4 \times 3$$

5

Find the prime factorization of 98.

$$98 = 2 \times 7 \times 7 \text{ or } 98 = 2 \times 7^2$$

6

Find the prime factorization of 150.

$$150 = 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5 \text{ or } 150 = 2 \times 3 \times 5^2$$

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Subtopic 3 **Common Factors and Greatest Common Factor**

- A **common factor** is a number that is a factor of two or more numbers.
- The **Greatest Common Factor (GCF)** is the largest common factor of two or more numbers.

7

Find the common factors of 24 and 60.
1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12

8

Find the GCF of 24 and 60.
12

Subtopic 4 **Using the Prime Factorization to Find the GCF**

To find the GCF using prime factorization:

- Write the **prime factorization** of each number.
- The GCF is the **product** of the **common** prime factors.

9

Use prime factorization to find the GCF of 50 and 25.
25

10

Use prime factorization to find the GCF of 98, 70, and 42.
14

