

NAME _____

Module 13 Perimeter, Area, and Volume

Lesson 3 Area: Irregular Shapes

Lesson Notes

13.3

Lesson Objectives

- Estimate and calculate the area of irregular two-dimensional shapes.
- Estimate and calculate the area of more complex or irregular two-dimensional shapes by dividing them into more basic shapes.

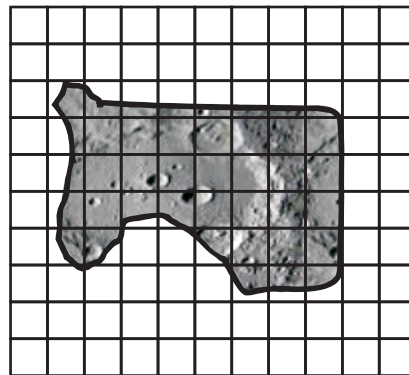
Subtopic 1 Estimating Areas of Irregular Shapes

To estimate the area of an irregular shape:

- Cover shape with a **grid of squares** of known side length.
- Let c = squares **completely** inside the boundary.
- Let b = squares through which **boundary** passes.
- $A \approx c + \frac{1}{2}b$

1 Estimate the area of the lunar region.

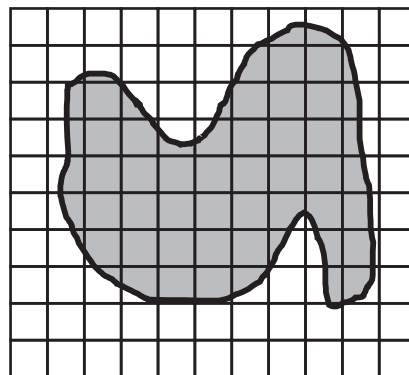
$$\begin{aligned} A &\approx c + \frac{1}{2}b = 22 + \frac{1}{2}b \\ &\approx 22 + \frac{1}{2}(19) \\ &\approx 22 + 9.5 \\ &\approx 31.5 \text{ mi}^2 \end{aligned}$$



Each \square is 1 mi^2 .

2 Estimate the area of the shape.

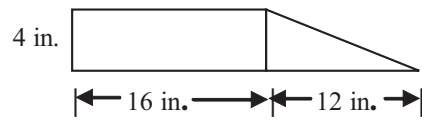
$$\begin{aligned} A &\approx c + \frac{1}{2}b \\ A &\approx 27 + \frac{1}{2}(34) \\ A &\approx 27 + 17 \\ A &\approx 44 \text{ km}^2 \end{aligned}$$



Each \square is 1 km^2 .

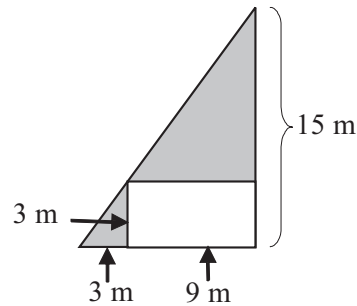
Subtopic 2 Areas of Combined Shapes

3 Find the area of the shape.



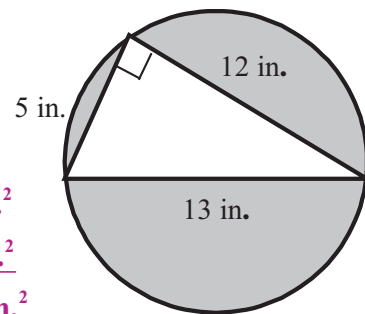
Area of rectangle	$4 \text{ in.} \times 16 \text{ in.}$	64 in.^2
<u>+ Area of triangle</u>	<u>$\frac{1}{2}(12 \text{ in.} \times 4 \text{ in.})$</u>	<u>24 in.^2</u>
Total area	Total Area	88 in.^2

4 Find the area of the gray region.



Area of triangle	$\frac{1}{2}(12 \text{ m} \times 15 \text{ m})$	90 m^2
<u>- Area of rectangle</u>	<u>$- 9 \text{ m} \times 3 \text{ m}$</u>	<u>$- 27 \text{ m}^2$</u>
Gray area	Gray area	63 m^2

5 Estimate the area of the gray region where the diameter of the circle is 13 inches.



Area of circle	$\pi (6.5 \text{ in.})^2$	132.67 in.^2
<u>- Area of triangle</u>	<u>$- \frac{1}{2}(12 \text{ in.} \times 5 \text{ in.})$</u>	<u>$- 30 \text{ in.}^2$</u>
Gray area	Gray area	$\approx 102.67 \text{ in.}^2$