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Module 7 Ratio, Proportion, and Percent
Lesson 2 Finding Percents

# Independent Practice 

## Write as a percent.

1. $\frac{15}{6}$
2. 2 to 500
3. $1: 8$
250\%
0.4\%
12.5\%

## Evaluate.

4. $50 \%$ of 64
5. $\frac{1}{10} \%$ of 16
6. $130 \%$ of 700
910
7. Salvador has 48 math problems in his homework set. He has completed $25 \%$ of the problems. How many problems has Salvador completed?

Salvador completed 12 problems.
8. The number of students in the sixth grade this year is $105 \%$ of the number in the sixth grade last year. Last year there were 80 sixth-graders. How many sixth-graders are in school this year?

There are 84 sixth-graders this year.
9. Marc is allowed to watch 90 minutes of television each day. He already watched $50 \%$ of his minutes today. His older brother Tyrone is allowed to watch 120 minutes of television each day and has already watched $75 \%$ of his minutes today. How many minutes does each brother have left?

Marc: $\mathbf{4 5} \mathbf{~ m i n}$ left Tyrone: $\mathbf{3 0} \mathbf{m i n}$ left

## Determine if the ratios are in proportion.

10. $\frac{4}{5}$ and $\frac{8}{15}$
NO
11. $\frac{27}{12}$ and $\frac{45}{20}$
YES
12. $\frac{18}{9}$ and $\frac{6}{3}$
YES
13. The ratio of red to blue balloons is $\frac{12}{15}$ in the dining room and $\frac{15}{25}$ in the kitchen. Are the ratios in proportion?
NO

## Journal

1. Tell how you can determine which ratio, without actually finding the equivalent percents, is greater than $100 \%$. Then, find each percent.

$$
\frac{5}{8} \quad \frac{8}{5}
$$

2. What has to be true about the two terms of a ratio for the ratio to equal $100 \%$ ? Give an example.
3. Duncan calculated $200 \%$ of 30 to be six. Tell how you know, without doing any work, that his answer is wrong. Then, find the correct answer.
4. Explain two ways to show that $\frac{8}{18}=\frac{12}{27}$ is a proportion.
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## Cumulative Review

Write as a fraction or mixed number.

1. 0.4
2. 6.5
$6 \frac{1}{2}$
3. 0.05
$\frac{1}{20}$

Identify the property shown.
4. $4+1=1+4$

Commutative Property of Addition
5. $2 \times(3 \times 4)=(2 \times 3) \times 4$

Associative Property of Multiplication
6. $5(6+1)=5(6)+5(1)$

Distributive Property of Multiplication over Addition

Round to the nearest tenth and nearest hundredth.
7. 523.126
8. 0.094
523.1, 523.13
0.1, 0.09

Add or subtract.
10. $\frac{1}{3}+\frac{4}{7}$
9.977
9. $10-0.023$

$$
\frac{19}{21}
$$

## Add or subtract.

11. $14-3 \frac{1}{2}$
12. $0.35+1.6+3$

$$
10 \frac{1}{2}
$$

## Possible Journal Answers

1. The ratio $\frac{8}{5}$ is greater than $100 \%$ because it is an improper fraction that can be written as a mixed number. The whole number part will equal at least $100 \%$ and the fraction part will make the percent even greater.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{5}{8}=0.625=62.5 \% \\
& \frac{8}{5}=1 \frac{3}{5}=1.6=160 \%
\end{aligned}
$$

2. To equal $100 \%$, the two terms of the ratio must be the same number. The fraction will equal one, which is equivalent to $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$. For example:

$$
5 \text { to } 5=\frac{5}{5}=1=100 \%
$$

3. One hundred percent of a number is equal to that number, so $200 \%$ of the number must be greater than that number. Therefore, the answer must be greater than 30. The correct answer is 60 .

$$
\begin{gathered}
200 \% \text { of } 30 \\
2 \times 30 \\
60
\end{gathered}
$$

4. One way is to simplify each fraction and show they are the same.

$$
\frac{8 \div 2}{18 \div 2}=\frac{4}{9} \text { and } \frac{12 \div 3}{27 \div 3}=\frac{4}{9}
$$

Another way is to show that the cross products are equal.

$$
8 \times 27=216 \text { and } 18 \times 12=216
$$

