## NAME

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Module 1 Number Sense
Lesson 1 Order of Operations

Evaluate each of the following.

1. $20+5 \times 4+9$
2. $(15-9) \times(3+4)$
49
42
3. $48 \div\left(\frac{18}{21}-10\right)+15$
4. $9 \times\binom{5+7)}{82} 26$

82
5. $7 \times(27 \div 9)^{2}$

63
6. $9 \times 2^{2} \div(16-4)$
7. $2[4(5+11)]-100$
8. $45 \div 3^{2}+10(15-12)$ 35
9. $(36 \div 9)^{2} \div(1+3)$
10. $\quad[3\{70 \div(5 \times 7)\}] \div 2$

## Journal

1. When are exponents evaluated in the Order of Operations?
2. Darnell says that the expression $4+5 \times 6$ is equal to 34 . Ashley says that it is equal to 54 . Who is correct? Justify your answer.
3. Explain how to solve $8+(15 \div 5)^{3}$.

## Cumulative Review

Evaluate each of the following.

1. $8 \times 5+27 \div 9$
43
2. $(25+15) \div(12-4)$
5
3. $6 \times(3+9)-12$ 60
4. $84 \div\left(2^{2} \times 3\right)$
5. $9 \times[35 \div(11-4)]$
6. $(48 \div 12)^{3} \times(12-10)$ 128
7. $8(9+3)+2 \times 6^{2}$ 168
8. $(25+65)-3[5(2+4)]$
9. $10+3[9+(40)(3) \div(4)(5)]$
487
10. $9^{2} \div 3+5[4+2 \times 12 \div 6]$ 67

## Possible Journal Answers

1. Exponents are evaluated after parentheses and before multiplication, division, addition, or subtraction.
2. Darnell is correct. He remembered to multiply $5 \times 6$ before adding 4 .
3. Follow the order of operations. Evaluate the parentheses first: $15 \div 5=3$. Next, evaluate the exponent: $3^{3}=27$. Finally, perform the addition: $8+27=35$.
