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Module 8 Points, Lines, Angles, and Triangles

## Challenge Problems

Lesson 4 Triangles

## Set 1

(1) One of the triangle classifications listed is not possible. Identify the classification that is not possible. Explain your choice.
obtuse scalene
right equilateral
right isosceles

## Set 2

1) In a triangle, two of the angle measures are equal. The third angle measures $80^{\circ}$. What is the measure of the two congruent angles?
2) Find the values of $x$ and $y$.


## Possible Answers

## Set 1

1. A right equilateral triangle is not possible. An equilateral triangle is also equiangular. That means the angles of an equilateral triangle must each be $60^{\circ}$. So, there can not be a $90^{\circ}$ angle, which means that an equilateral triangle can not be a right triangle.

Set 2

1. Write an equation.

$$
\begin{aligned}
80^{\circ}+x+x & =180^{\circ} \\
x+x & =100^{\circ} \\
x & =\mathbf{5 0}
\end{aligned}
$$

The total of the two congruent angles is $100^{\circ}$, so each one measures $50^{\circ}$.
2. The value of $\boldsymbol{x}$ is $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ because vertical angles are always congruent. Use the Triangle Sum Property to write an equation to find the value of $\boldsymbol{y}$. The measure of the third angle is $30^{\circ}$.


$$
\begin{aligned}
100^{\circ}+50^{\circ}+y & =180^{\circ} \\
150^{\circ}+y & =180^{\circ} \\
y & =30^{\circ}
\end{aligned}
$$

