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$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Module } 11 & \text { Transformation of Shapes } \\ \text { Lesson } 4 & \text { Symmetry }\end{array}$

## Challenge Problems

Lesson 4 Symmetry
11.4

## Set 1

(1) The word HIDE has horizontal line symmetry. Use capital letters to write as many words as possible that have horizontal line symmetry.
(2)

The capital letters like A, H, and I have vertical line symmetry. Use all the letters with vertical line symmetry to write as many four-letter words as possible. Use each letter only once.

## Set 2

(1) Which capital letters of the alphabet have rotational symmetry? Do they also have point symmetry?
(2)

Is it possible for a figure to have line symmetry but not rotational symmetry? If so, draw such a figure. If not, explain why.

## Possible Answers

Set 1

1. CHIC, DOE, ID, CHIDE
2. The letters $\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{H}, \mathbf{I}, \mathbf{M}, \mathbf{O}, \mathbf{T}, \mathbf{U}, \mathbf{V}, \mathbf{W}, \mathbf{X}$, and $\mathbf{Y}$ have vertical symmetry. The following words may be made from these letters: OATH, ATOM, MOAT, WHOM, WHAT, THAW, TAXI, WAVY.

Set 2

1. The capital letters $\mathbf{H}, \mathbf{I}, \mathbf{N}, \mathbf{O}, \mathbf{S}, \mathbf{X}$, and $Z$ have rotational symmetry. They all also have point symmetry.
2. It is possible for a figure to have line symmetry but not rotational symmetry. This arrow has horizontal line symmetry. There is no rotation less than $360^{\circ}$ where the arrow has the same orientation.

