## NAME

Module 5 Solving Linear Inequalities of One Variable
Lesson 1 Solving Linear Inequalities by Inspection

## Lesson Objectives

- Solve a linear inequality by inspection.
- Write the solution to an inequality in proper notation.
- Graph the solution to an inequality on a number line.
- Check the solution to an inequality.

An inequality is a statement formed by placing an inequality symbol between two expressions.

Inequality Symbols

| $\geq$ | is greater than |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\geq$ | is greater than or equal to |
| $\leq$ | is less than |
| $\underline{y}$ | is less than or equal to |
| $\underline{y}$ | is not equal to |

A solution of an equation is a number which, when substituted for the variable, produces a true statement.

If a problem starts out as an equation, the solution is given by another equation

Draw an open circle around a point on the number line to indicate that this point is not a solution to the inequality.

Draw a shaded arrow to the right of a point on the number
line to indicate that every number greater than this point is a solution to the

| inequality. |
| :---: |

Draw a closed circle around a point on the number line to indicate that this point is a solution to the inequality.

Draw a shaded arrow to the left of a point on the number line to indicate that every number less than this point is a solution to the inequality.
(1.) Solve: $x+4>0$

Solution: $\underline{x>-4}$

(2) Solve: $x+2 \leq 0$

Solution: $\underline{x \leq-2}$


