Module 14 Graphing Quadratic Relations
Lesson 1 Graphing Simple Quadratic Relations

## guided notes

## Lesson Objectives

- Graph a quadratic relation by finding five to seven points on the graph.
- Graph a quadratic relation by finding the vertex and using symmetry.

The U-shaped curve of the equation $y=x^{2}$ is called a parabola.
The point where the parabola turns is called the vertex
The vertical line through the vertex is called the axis of symmetry $\qquad$ .

The graphs of the quadratic relations $y=x^{2}$ and $y=-x^{2}$ are both
functions
The standard form equation for a parabola that opens up or down is
$y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ , where $a \neq 0$

For a parabola with equation, $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$, the axis of symmetry has the equation $x=\frac{-b}{2 a}$
(1) Graph $x^{2}=y+8$.

Equation for the axis of symmetry:
$x=0$
Vertex:
$(0,-8)$

