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Module 9 Characteristics of Geometric Shapes
Lesson 2 Quadrilaterals

# Independent <br> Practice 

9.2

For each statement, place an $X$ in the columns for which it is true.

|  | Parallelogram | Rectangle | Rhombus | Square | Trapezoid |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. Both pairs of sides <br> are parallel. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. All the angles are <br> right angles. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. All the sides are <br> congruent. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. The figure is a <br> quadrilateral. |  |  |  |  |  |

5. Name the square two different ways.


Write always, sometimes, or never.
6. A parallelogram is a rhombus.
7. A rhombus is a parallelogram.
8. A trapezoid is a quadrilateral.

Find the value of $x$.
9.

10.

11. Amanda is trying to determine the borders for a flower garden. She has two possible designs. The first has the garden in the shape of a square enclosing an area of 900 square feet. The second design has the same perimeter as the first, but it is in the shape of a trapezoid such that the parallel sides have lengths of 30 feet and 42 feet. The nonparallel sides are congruent. What are the lengths of the nonparallel sides?

## Journal

1. Explain why each of the following shapes in not a quadrilateral.
a.

b.

c.

2. Explain why all squares are rectangles but not all rectangles are squares.
3. How are a parallelogram and trapezoid alike? How are they different?

## Cumulative Review

Find the measure of the complement and supplement of each angle.

1. $105^{\circ}$
2. $65^{\circ}$
3. $2^{\circ}$

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Lines $\boldsymbol{a}$ and $\boldsymbol{b}$ are parallel.
Find the measure of each angle.

4. $\angle 1$
5. $\angle 2$
6. $\angle 3$

Find the value of $x$.
7.

8.

9. The sides of a triangle are $8 \mathrm{~cm}, 10 \mathrm{~cm}$, and 13 cm . Is the triangle a right triangle?

## Additional Work Area

