JBM03BLM/AK_61	378 1/31/03	2:49 PM Page 31 (Black plater)	DIGITAL
	NAME		DATE
	Module 3	Solving Linear Equations of One Variable Solving Two-Step Linear Equations	independent practice
	Lesson 4		
	Solve and che	eck.	dist.
	1. 17P + 8 =	= 110	2. 4f + 4 = 224
	3. 3 <i>R</i> + 5 =	-139	4. 21 <i>w</i> - 3 = 102
	5. –32A – 8	= -136	6. 11 <i>Q</i> - 3 = 118
	7. T ÷ 6 + 4	. = 24	8. $\frac{K}{4}$ + 7 = 27
	9. $\frac{V}{7}$ + 2 = -	1	10. $Y \div 4 - 4.5 = 7$
	11. $\frac{x}{5} - 7 = 1$	3	12. $\frac{W}{3} - 8 = 14$
	13. 5(<i>H</i> + 8) =	= 80	14. $-8(3 + m) = -64$
	15. –6(<i>d</i> – 3)	= -36	16. $14(T - 4) = 112$
	17. $\frac{N-5}{2} = 2$		18. $\frac{B-4}{4} = 5\frac{3}{4}$
	19. $\frac{\chi + 7}{4} = 7$		20. $\frac{P+18}{2} = 18.5$
	lournal		2

- 1. Explain how you work backwards to solve a two-step equation.
- **2.** What would happen if you were to solve the equation 3x 5 = 19 by doing division first?
- **3.** Describe the steps you would use to solve the equation, $\frac{m}{2} 3 = 6$.
- **4.** What properties allow you to solve the equation $\frac{z}{2} 9 = 4$?
- 5. Design a problem that could be solved in two steps.

Cumulative Review

Solve the following equations. Check your answers.



DIGITAL

True or false, x = 5 is a solution to the following equations.

 5. 3x + 7 = 22 6. 2x - 19 = 11

 7. $\frac{x}{10} + \frac{7}{2} = 4$ 8. 9x - 23 = 1

 9. -5x + 5 = -10 10. $\frac{x}{2} + \frac{4}{3} = 3\frac{5}{6}$



Module 3 Lesson 4

Independent Practice