

- **7.** a number *t* divided by -26
- **9.** 5 more than the square of *b*
- $\textbf{11.} \ 7 \ times \ 3 \ plus \ 5$
- **13.** –7 times a number *v* increased by thirteen
- 15. two-thirds of the square of a number
- **17.** 8 less than the quotient *r* divided by 5
- **19.** 32 added to 3 times the square of a number

**10.** *y* cubed decreased by 11

8. the quotient 58 divided by a number

- **12.** 7 times the sum of 3 and 5
- 14. 9 times the quantity 5 plus y
- **16.** three times the cube of a number divided by -4
- **18.** 6 added to the quotient 7 divided by a number
- **20.** 5 more than the product of 7 and the cube of D

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Module 2 Lesson 2

Independent Practice

DIGITAL

## DIGITAL

Journal

- **1.** Why does it matter which of two different numbers is written first in a subtraction expression?
- **2.** In two different ways, express n + 4 in words.
- **3.** Which operations can be performed with any two numbers, getting the same result, regardless of the order?
- **4.** List some words that may indicate that grouping symbols are needed in an expression.
- **5.** Compare and contrast the term "square" with the term "cube" as used in writing algebraic expressions.

## **Cumulative Review**

List all the sets of numbers that contain each given number.

<b>1</b> . –15	2. π
<b>3.</b> -4.29574	<b>4.</b> 0
<b>5.</b> 5,497	
Simplify each expression.	
<b>6.</b> 5 <sup>3</sup> - 3 <sup>2</sup>	<b>7.</b> 7 + 3(6 – 2)
<b>8.</b> 15 ÷ 3 + 10 (–8)	<b>9.</b> $ 12 - 57  + \frac{2}{3}(7 + \sqrt{4})$
<b>10.</b> $\binom{2}{5}\binom{15}{8} \div \binom{3}{7}\binom{14}{9}$	