

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

**Module 19** Analyzing Data and Statistics  
**Lesson 3** Analyzing and Describing Graphs



**guided  
notes**

### Lesson Objectives

- Analyze stem-and-leaf plots.
- Create and analyze box-and-whisker plots.

The range of a data set is the difference between the \_\_\_\_\_  
 and \_\_\_\_\_ values.

The median is also known as the \_\_\_\_\_, or  $Q_2$ .  
 \_\_\_\_\_ percent of the data fall at or below the median.

The first quartile,  $Q_1$ , is the median of the \_\_\_\_\_ of the data  
 set. \_\_\_\_\_ percent of the data fall at or below the first quartile.

The \_\_\_\_\_,  $Q_3$ , is the median of the upper subset.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ percent of the data fall at or below the third quartile.

The interquartile range, IQR, is the difference between the  
 \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ quartiles.

The \_\_\_\_\_ consists of the minimum,  
 the first quartile, the median, the third quartile, and the maximum.

- 1** Using the given five-number summary, make a box-and-whisker plot for the ages  
 of the baseball players who play for the Tigers.

	Age (yrs)
Minimum:	20
First Quartile, $Q_1$ :	23
Median, $Q_2$ :	25.5
Third Quartile, $Q_3$ :	29
Maximum:	37

- 2 Using the given five-number summary, make a box-and-whisker plot for the ages of the baseball players who play for the Braves on the same graph as the Tigers players' ages.

	Age (yrs)
Minimum:	22
First Quartile, $Q_1$ :	28
Median, $Q_2$ :	31
Third Quartile, $Q_3$ :	35
Maximum:	41

- 3 Compare the box-and-whisker plots for the weights of the Yankees' players and the Expos' players.

