

Are the following statements true or false?

11.	$(k + 4)^2 = 16$ is a linear equation.	
12.	The solution set of $4x^2 = 15$ is $\left\{\frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}, -\frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}\right\}$. True	
13.	$x^2 - 30x + 225$ is a perfect square trinomial. True	
14.	$x^{2} + 4x + 4$ factors into $(x - 2)^{2}$. False	
Solve.		

15. $-2(x + 3)^2 + 5 = -67$ {3, -9	16. $x^2 + 6x = 16$ [2, -8]
$\int 5 + \sqrt{53} 5 - \sqrt{53}$	$\int -5 + \sqrt{57} -5 - \sqrt{57}$
17. $x^2 - 5x + 1 = 8$ 2 ' 2	18. $2d^2 - 4 = -5d$

19. The area of a rectangular floor is 112 square feet. The length is nine feet more than the width. Find the dimensions of the floor.

```
width = 7 feet ; length = 16 feet
```

20. John tosses a ball into the air from a deck that is 40 feet above the ground. The equation $h = -16t^2 + 12t + 40$ models the height of the ball, where *h* is the ball's height above the ground and *t* is the time in seconds since the ball was thrown. At what time will the ball be 10 feet above the ground? Round the answer to the nearest hundredth of a second.

1.79 seconds

Answer the following questions with complete sentences.

21. Explain how to solve a quadratic equation by factoring.

To solve a quadratic equation by factoring, first make one side of the

equation equal to zero. Next, arrange the terms on the other side of the

equation in descending order. Then, factor completely. Set each factor

equal to zero and solve those equations.

22. State the discriminant of a quadratic equation. Explain how it is used to determine whether the equation has zero, one, or two real number solutions.

The discriminant of a quadratic equation is the expression $b^2 - 4ac$, which

is the radicand in the quadratic formula. If the discriminant is less than

zero, then the equation has zero real solutions. If the discriminant equals

zero, then the equation has one real solution. If the discriminant is greater

than zero, then the equation has two real solutions.

© 2003 BestQuest